

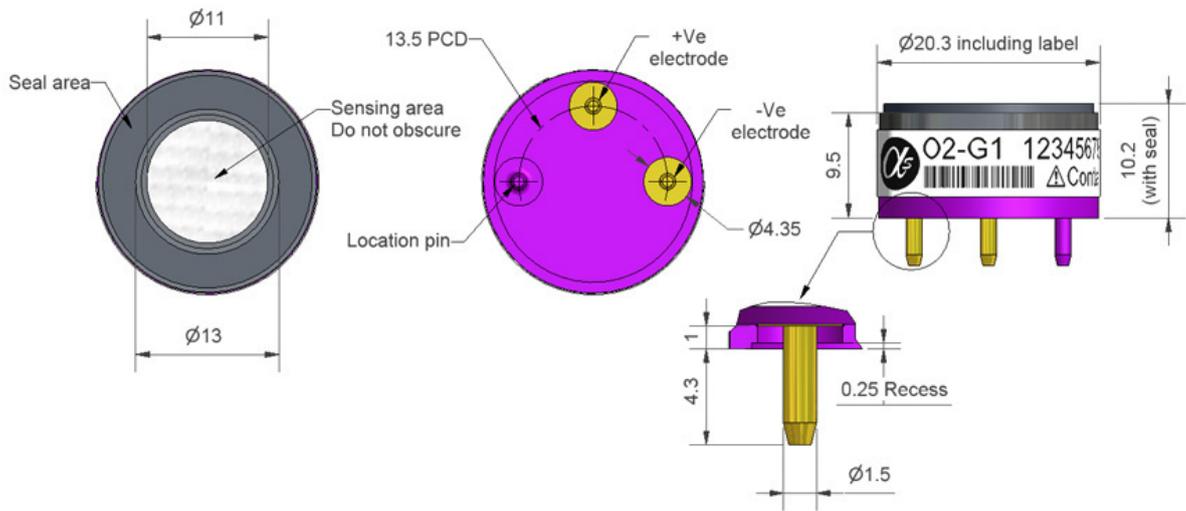


O2-G1 Oxygen Sensor

Miniature Size



Figure 1 O2-G1 Schematic Diagram



All dimensions in millimetres (± 0.1 mm)

Top View

Bottom View

Side View

PERFORMANCE			
Output		μA @ 22°C, 20.9% O ₂	65 to 85
Response time		t ₉₀ (s) from 20.9% to 0% O ₂ (47W load resistor)	< 18
Zero current		μA @ 99.999% N ₂ , 22°C	< 2.5

LIFETIME			
Output drift		% change in output @ 3 months	< 2
Operating life		months until 85% original output in 20.9% O ₂	> 12

ENVIRONMENTAL			
Humidity sensitivity		% O ₂ change: 0% to 95% rh @ 40°C	< 0.7
CO ₂ sensitivity		% change in output / % CO ₂ @ 5% CO ₂	+ 0.1
Pressure sensitivity		(% change of output)/(% change of pressure) @ 20kPa	< 0.1
Output at -20°C		% output/output at 20°C in 20.9% O ₂	87 to 93
Output at +50°C		% output/output at 20°C in 20.9% O ₂	103 to 107

KEY SPECIFICATIONS			
Temperature range		°C	-30 to 55
Pressure range		kPa	80 to 120
Humidity range		% rh continuous (0 to 99% rh short term)	5 to 95
Storage period		months @ 3 to 20°C (store in sealed container)	6
Load resistor		Ω (recommended)	47 to 100
Weight		g	<7



At the end of the product's life, do not dispose of any electronic sensor, component or instrument in the domestic waste, but contact the instrument manufacturer, Alphasense or its distributor for disposal instructions.

NOTE: all sensors are tested at ambient environmental conditions, with 47 ohm load resistor, unless otherwise stated. As applications of use are outside our control, the information provided is given without legal responsibility. Customers should test under their own conditions, to ensure that the sensors are suitable for their own requirements.



O2-G1 Performance Data

Technical Specification

Figure 2 Temperature Dependence in Air

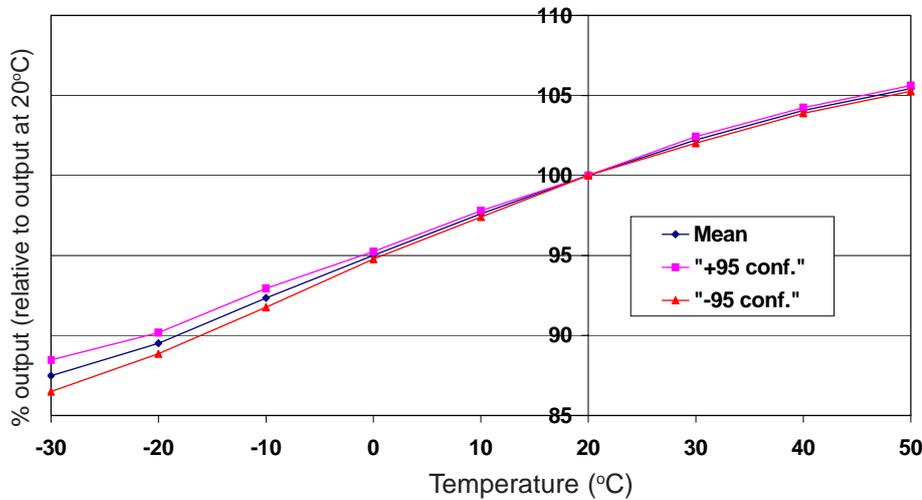


Figure 2 shows the variation of output caused by changes in temperature in 20.9% oxygen.

All capillary oxygen sensors show a change in signal with temperature, and the very repeatable 95% confidence intervals for the O2-G1 are shown.

Figure 3 Pressure Step Performance

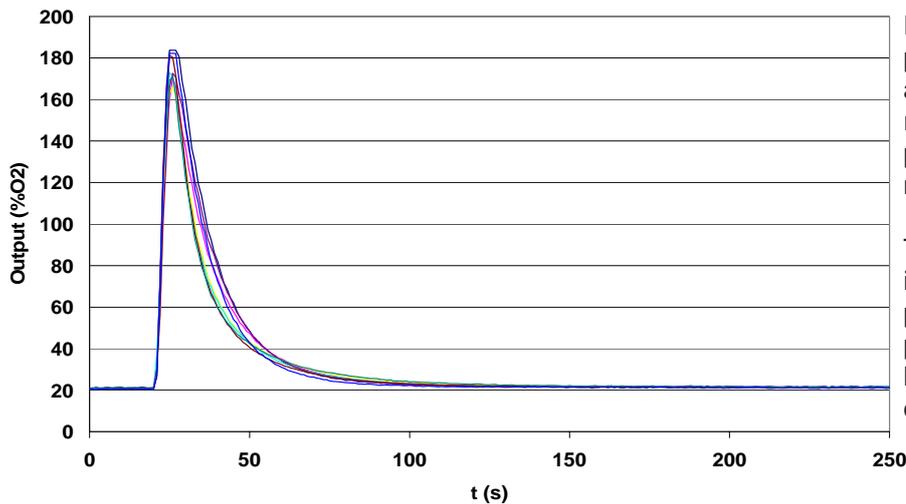


Figure 3 shows how a 25 kPa pressure step change causes a signal transient that decays reproducibly. Negative pressure changes cause a negative transient.

The small shift in final output is less than 10% of the pressure change, so 10kPa pressure step shifts output by less than 1% (<0.2% oxygen).

Figure 4 Long Term Stability

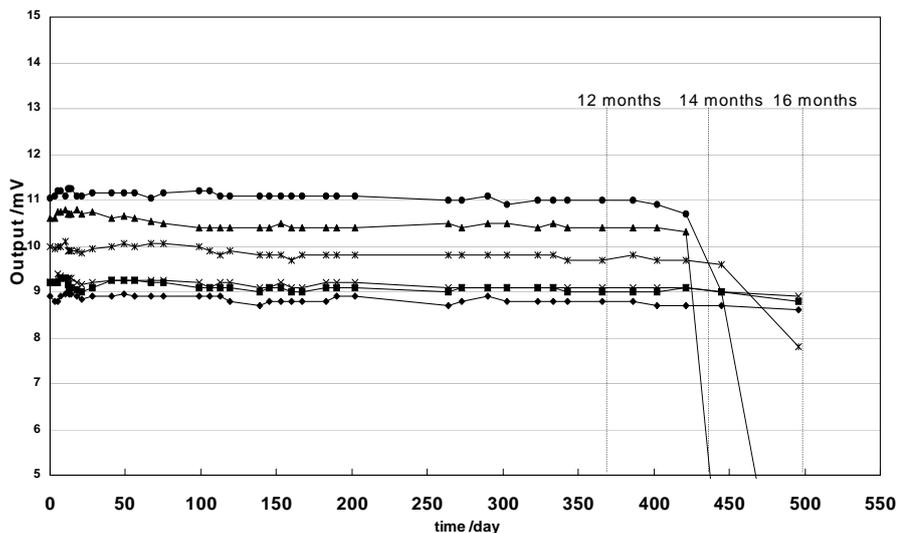


Figure 4 shows long term stability data for the O2-G1 sensors.

All sensors show stable outputs beyond the 12 month period.

For further information on the performance of this sensor, on other sensors in the range or any other subject, please contact Alphasense Ltd. For Application Notes visit "www.alphasense.com".

In the interest of continued product improvement, we reserve the right to change design features and specifications without prior notification. The data contained in this document is for guidance only. Alphasense Ltd accepts no liability for any consequential losses, injury or damage resulting from the use of this document or the information contained within. (©ALPHASENSE LTD) Doc. Ref. O2G1/NOV09